

### What is SBIRT?

Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment, commonly referred to as SBIRT, is an evidence-based approach to identifying members who use alcohol and other drugs at dangerous levels. The goal of SBIRT is to reduce and prevent related health consequences, diseases, accidents, and injuries. Risky substance use is a health issue that often goes undetected. By incorporating this evidence-based tool demonstrated to be reliable in identifying individuals at risk for a substance use disorder, significant harm can be prevented.

**SBIRT can be performed in a variety of settings.** Screenings do not have to be performed by a physician. SBIRT incorporates screening for all types of substance use with brief, tailored feedback and advice. Simple feedback on risky behavior can be one of the most critical influences on changing patient behavior.

# Why use SBIRT?

- SBIRT is an effective tool for identifying behavioral risk and providing appropriate intervention.
- By screening for high-risk behavior, healthcare providers can use evidence-based, brief interventions focusing on health and consequences, preventing future problems.
- A brief intervention focuses on increasing insight and awareness regarding substance use and motivation toward behavioral change.
- Referral to treatment provides those identified as needing more extensive treatment with access to specialty care.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  SBIRT reduces costly healthcare utilization.
- · SBIRT is reimbursable through Medicaid.
- · SBIRT is appropriate for any patient, regardless of age, gender, or health status.

When we	We mean
Screening	<ul> <li>Provide a short, structured consultation to identify the right amount of treatment.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Use common screening tools such as AUDIT, ASSIST, DAST-10, CRAFT, and TWEAK.</li> </ul>
Brief intervention	Educate members and increase motivation to reduce risky behavior.
	Brief education intervention increases motivation to reduce risky behavior.
	Typically, 5 to 10 minutes

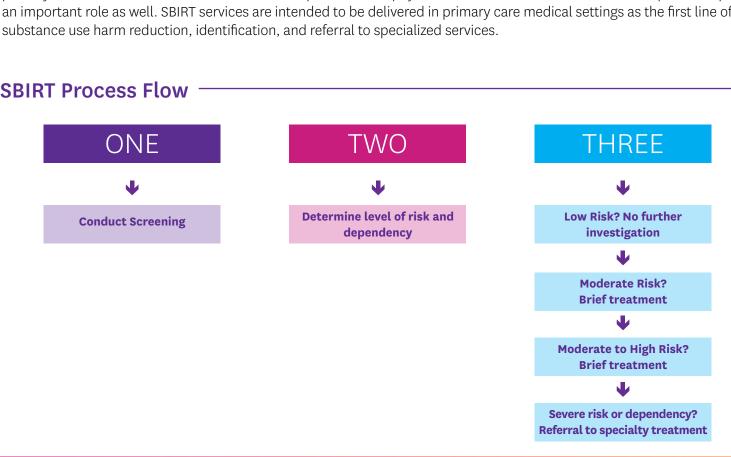


When we say	We mean		
Brief treatment	Fulfill goals of:		
	<ul> <li>Changing the immediate behavior or thoughts about a risky behavior.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Addressing longstanding problems with harmful drinking and drug misuse.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Helping members with higher levels of disorder obtain more long-term care.</li> </ul>		
Referral to treatment	If a patient meets the diagnostic criteria for substance dependence or other mental illnesses as defined by the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition, we recommend you refer them to a specialty provider.		

### Who delivers SBIRT services?

Primary care centers, hospital emergency rooms, trauma centers, and community health settings have the best chance to intervene early with at-risk substance users and prevent more severe consequences. Primary care providers are the primary source of SBIRT services. However, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and behavioral health providers play an important role as well. SBIRT services are intended to be delivered in primary care medical settings as the first line of

## **SBIRT Process Flow**





## Implementing SBIRT in care management

There are multiple screening tools to use for different populations. SilverSummit suggests the following screening tools for their brief nature, ease of use, flexibility for multiple types of patients, and indication of the need for further assessment or intervention:

Screening tool	Age range or population	Overview
Alcohol Use Disorder Identification Test (AUDIT)	All members	Developed by the Word Health Organization. Appropriate for all ages, genders, and cultures
Alcohol, Smoking, and Substance Abuse Involvement Screen Test (ASSIST)	Adults	Simple screener for hazardous use of substances (including alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs).
Drug Abuse Screening Test (DAST-10)	Adults	Screener for drug involvement during last 12 months (does not include alcohol)
Car, Relax, Alone, Forget, Family or Friends, Trouble (CRAFFT)	Adolescents and children	Alcohol and drug screening tool for members under the age of 21. Recommended by the American Academy of Pediatrics.
NIAAA Alcohol Screening for Youth	Pregnant women	Four-item scale to assess alcohol use in pregnant women; recommended for OB/GYNs
Tolerance, Annoyance, Cut Down, Eye Opener (T-ACE)	Pregnant women	Five-item scale to screen for risky drinking during pregnancy
Tolerance, Worried, Eye Opener, Amnesia, K-Cut Down (TWEAK)	Pregnant women	Five item scale to screen for risky drinking during pregnancy.

# **Getting Reimbursement**

CPT® code	Code description
99408	SBIRT: Alcohol and substance (other than tobacco) abuse structure screening (for example, AUDIT, DAST) and brief intervention (SBI) services; 15 to 30 minutes
99409	SBIRT: Alcohol and substance (other than tobacco) abuse structure screening (for example, AUDIT, DAST) and brief intervention (SBI) services; over 30 minutes
H0049	SBIRT: Alcohol and/or drug screening

# Need help with a referral to a behavioral health specialist?

Referrals can be complex and involve coordination across different types of services. **Call us at 1-844-366-2880 Monday to Friday, 8:00 A.M. to 5:00 P.M., or fax 844-851-1023 to refer to a specialty provider.** We're glad to help you get our members this important kind of care.

#### Sources:

- 1. Screening, Brief Intervention and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT) in Behavioral Healthcare, April 1, 2019, samhsa.gov.
- 2. Alcohol Screening and Brief Intervention: A Guide for Public Health Practitioners, American Public Health Association, page 8.